

CARGO HANDLING SYSTEM

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0001] 1. Technical Field:

[0002] The invention relates to an onboard load transfer system for trucks which minimizes the direct labor requirements for off loading cargo from truck trailers.

[0003] 2. Description of the Problem:

[0004] The off loading of cargo from a truck is typically intensive in its use of labor and materials handling equipment. Loading docks are frequently understaffed and under equipped, at least for handling peak traffic periods, and the lack of equipment and personnel often delays truckers. Sometimes deliveries must be made to locations with no dock at all. Various automated or semi-automated solutions have been proposed for loading and off loading truck trailers, but the implementation of many of these proposals requires an increased capital investment in dock facilities. Dock facility operators who are already operating their docks with a minimum investment in equipment, and with as few workers as possible, and thus are the cause of the delays, would seem to have little economic incentive to invest in such equipment since its financial benefit would primarily flow to the truck operators. Nor is there any assurance of standardization between docks implementing solutions that would work for all trucks.

[0005] Fewer solutions to this problem have been directed to the truck trailer. Trailers of course present constraints on space and weight capacity for carrying elaborate materials handling systems. Any onboard solution must fit on or within the trailer and should not pose an excessive weight penalty. There is also the need to meet the demands of off loading trucks at different types of dock facilities, or a complete lack of a dock.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] According to the invention there is provided a handling system for incorporation in a trailer for use with palletized freight. The handling system incorporates a segmented, translatable platform. Among

the segments is a principal or main segment which supports the palletized freight during shipping. The main upper surface of each of the segments is a conveyor. The conveyors are aligned from segment to segment to allow cooperative movement, respacing and offloading of the palletized freight on and between the segments and off of an end segment. The platform translation system allows the platform to be extended from an open end or side of the trailer. The segmentation of the platform allows use of the end and a mid segment to lower a piece of palletized freight to a surface below the level of the main segment of the platform.

[0007] Additional effects, features and advantages will be apparent in the written description that follows.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0008] The novel features believed characteristic of the invention are set forth in the appended claims. The invention itself however, as well as a preferred mode of use, further objects and advantages thereof, will best be understood by reference to the following detailed description of an illustrative embodiment when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

[0009] **Fig. 1** is a perspective view in partial cutaway of a trailer illustrating operation of a preferred embodiment of the invention.

[0010] **Fig. 2** is a perspective view in partial cutaway of a trailer further illustrating operation of the preferred embodiment in different environment.

[0011] **Fig. 3** is a perspective view illustrating horizontal translation of the palletized freight handling system of the invention and the vertical repositioning of segments thereof.

[0012] **Fig. 4** is a side elevation of the same processes of **Fig. 3**.

[0013] **Fig. 5** is a side elevation of the translatable platform of a preferred embodiment of the invention.

[0014] **Fig. 6** is a side elevation of the translatable platform of the preferred embodiment as installed on a trailer having height a height adjusting suspension system.

[0015] **Fig. 7** is a side elevation of the translatable platform extended from a trailer as used to reposition palletized freight.

[0016] **Fig. 8** is a top plan view of a trailer bed on which the translatable platform has been installed.

[0017] **Fig. 9** is a cross sectional view of a wheel assembly for supporting the platform in a track on a trailer bed.

[0018] **Fig. 10** is a cross sectional view of a segment-to-segment joint allowing rotation about a horizontal axis.

[0019] **Fig. 11** is a schematic illustration of use of the platform to move and unload palletized freight.

[0020] **Fig. 12** is a schematic of a control system for the palletized freight handling system.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0021] Referring now to the figures and in particular to **Figs. 1** and **2**, a trailer **10** incorporating a translatable, segmented platform **11** for palletized freight is shown. Translatable platform **11** is, in its retracted position within trailer **10** and fully supported on the bed of the trailer (see **Figs. 8, 9**) and may be repositioned as a unit off the bed through an opening in the trailer, such as end opening **17**. As shown in **Fig. 1**, the portion of translatable, segmented platform **11** moved out of the trailer may come to rest on the upper or target surface **13** of a raised loading dock **15**. Translatable, segmented platform **11** provides a support floor for a plurality of palletized freight modules **19**. The preferred embodiment of the invention works best with freight that is bundled into standard sizes with a standard orientation, here termed palletized units, although it is not intended that the invention as claimed be limited to freight of such character.

[0022] Translatable, segmented platform 11 comprises three segments in the preferred embodiment, including an end segment 21, a mid segment 23 and a main segment 25. Each segment has a distinct function and each segment has its own, independently actuatable conveyor. These include an end segment conveyor 27 and a mid segment conveyor 31. End segment 21 is articulated with mid segment 23 along adjacent edges and mid segment 23 is articulated with main segment 25 along common edges. The axes of articulation are parallel and horizontally disposed allowing mid segment 23 to be rotated downwardly from one end of main segment 25 and end segment 21 to be rotated upwardly from one edge of mid segment 23. Hydraulic pistons including hydraulic piston 35, connected between mid segment 23 and end segment 21, are used to rotate the segments. This allows end segment 21 to be lowered to and placed parallel on a supporting surface 33 while remaining flat. End conveyor 27, mid segment conveyor 31 and the conveyor for main segment 25 are aligned for cooperation and may be operated in a fashion to separate the end or “current last in” palletized unit 19 from the remaining units. This separation allows the current last in palletized unit to be lowered to the target surface 33 on segment 21 and moved off of end segment 21 at end 29.

[0023] Referring now to **Figs. 3 and 4** translation and positioning of the segments of platform 11 is illustrated. Translation of the segments occurs as a unit, that is platform 11 may be moved horizontally in and out trailer 10 from a fully retracted position (A) on bed 13, to an intermediate position (B) and finally to a position of maximum extension (C) where only a small portion of the platform remains in trailer 10 and supported on the bed. Translation occurs through an opening in the trailer, typically at one end of the trailer, although it is conceivable that it could be done toward a side of the trailer. Platform 11 is illustrated in a reconfigured shape (D) where mid segment 23 has been rotated in a clockwise direction A as viewed in **Fig. 5** and end segment 21 has been simultaneously and synchronously rotated in a counterclockwise direction B to drop the level of end segment 21 below the level of main segment 25. Hydraulic pistons 35 and 37 are pivotally coupled between end segment 21 and mid segment 23 (for piston 35) and mid segment 23 and main segment 25 (for piston 37). Contraction of the pistons operates to introduce a fold in the platform 11 as illustrated in **Fig. 5**, while extension of the pistons straightens the platform. Strain on midsegment 23 is minimized by providing that the points of attachment of hydraulic pistons 35 and 37 on midsegment 23 are collocated.

[0024] As illustrated in **Fig. 6**, translatable, segmented platform 11 is installed on the bed 47 of trailer 10, and is preferably made as compact as possible in the vertical dimension to minimize the amount of

space occupied. Freight is preferably kept on main segment **25** during shipping, but the trailer may be filled, with cargo carried on all of the segments if the destination has a raised dock. Otherwise, enough of platform **11** must be kept clear of cargo to allow mid segment **23** to be cleared of pallets for rotation out of the horizontal when it is necessary to lower end segment **21**. It is conceivable that platform **11** could be adapted to fold end segment **21** and mid segment **23** upwardly within trailer **10** to conserve space, or that the two segments could be detached from the main segment and carried beneath the bed. Either adaptation can be expected to add considerable mechanical complexity to the system.

[0025] Conveyors can operate simultaneously with translation of the translatable, segmented platform **11**. As illustrated in **Fig. 7**, platform **11** is being withdrawn into trailer **10** in the direction indicated by the letter B while end conveyor **27** moves a pallet **19** off the end of the platform. Preferably the velocity of platform **11** cancels the velocity of the upper surface of conveyor **27** relative to the ground so that the velocity of the current last in palletized object **19** is also zero relative to the surface on to which it is transferred. Simultaneously, the remaining palletized objects **19** are moved toward the opposite end of platform **11** at the same time the platform is withdrawn into the trailer. Motion may be ramped up and down to avoid tumbling the cargo on account of its inertia.

[0026] Translation of platform **11** is preferably confined to a straight line. Referring to **Fig. 8**, it may be seen that platform **11**, within trailer **10**, rolls along parallel tracks **45** running lengthwise along the bed **13** of trailer **10**. Translatable, segmented platform **11** may be moved by any number of devices. Here a translation mechanism **43** is provided by an elongated worm gear coupled into the main segment **25**. Conveyors **27**, **31** and **41** are located to provide the upper surfaces of end segment **21**, mid segment **23** and main segment **25**, respectively. The worm gear translation mechanism is coupled to main segment **25** below the level of conveyor **41**. The conveyors are aligned on one another and travel on parallel axles allowing packages to be freely moved from one conveyor to an adjacent conveyor.

[0027] Each segment of translatable, segmented platform **11** comes with a plurality of wheel assemblies **51** such as illustrated in **Fig. 9** which extend from the sides (or from the bottoms of the segments along the sides) of the segments aligned with the direction of travel of the platform. Wheel assemblies **51** are set in the tracks **45** allowing to and fro movement of platform **11** in the direction of elongation of the tracks.

[0028] Referring to **Fig. 10** a hinge or joint **53** providing articulation between main segment **25** and mid segment **23** is illustrated. Joint **53** is located along the lower surfaces of the segments and toward the outside edge of the segments allowing mid segment to articulate downwardly from main segment **25**. A similar joint is provided between mid segment **23** and end segment **21**, except that it is located along the top surfaces, outside of the conveyors, allowing the end segment **21** to rotate upwardly from the mid segment.

[0029] Operation of the translatable, segmented platform **11** is illustrated in **Fig. 11**. Operation is typically done by the truck operator using a control interface positioned to allow the process to be directly watched. At step A an array of palletized freight units **19** designated A-D are situated on main segment **25** of translatable, segmented platform **11**. This is a preferred position for the palletized units **19** during shipping. Where the destination is a facility that requires use of platform **11** to lower palletized units **19** enough space must be left on platform **11** to allow the palletized units to be positioned so that mid segment **23** is clear of any units. One palletized unit **19** is positioned on end segment **21** during lowering operation.

[0030] Moving to step B the process of repositioning palletized units **19** is illustrated. Conveyors installed on main segment **25**, mid segment **23** and end segment **21** operate to move all four palletized units toward the end segment. Once the current last in palletized unit **19**, designated A, is fully off of main segment **25**, the conveyor for main segment **25** stops while the conveyors for mid segment **23** and end segment **21** continue to run until the current last in palletized unit **19** is fully off of the mid segment and preferably positioned centered on end segment **21** as illustrated in step C.

[0031] The palletized unit **19** disposed on end segment **21** may or may not need to be lowered to ground level. The process is illustrated as including a lowering step D. Mid segment **23** is pulled by pneumatic actuators **37** contracting to rotate the segment counter-clockwise as indicated at H. Simultaneously, end segment **21** is kept level by retraction of pneumatic actuators **35**, the segment rotating clockwise synchronously with mid segment **23** as indicated by the letter I. Sensors may be disposed on the bottom of end segment **21** to determine when the segment is fully supported from underneath. Next, at step E, translatable, segmented platform **11** is withdrawn in the direction indicated by the letter K while the conveyor for end segment operates to move the "A" palletized unit **19** off of the end of end segment **21**. Palletized unit **19** preferably has a zero velocity relative to the target surface.

[0032] Referring to **Fig. 12** a control system **55** is illustrated in schematic form for a preferred embodiment of the invention. Control system **55** relates primarily to positioning and articulation of translatable, segmented platform **11**, and the movement of the conveyors **27, 31** and **41**, but also provides for transferring information to a trailer suspension control system for adjusting the height of trailer **10**. Control system **55** is primarily directed to control of hydraulic actuators, but those skilled in the art will comprehend that the system can be applied to non-hydraulic systems. The central component of control system **55** is a programmable microcontroller **57** which receives requests for operation of system elements over a data bus **61** to which it is coupled and which transmits requests from a user interface **67**. User interface **67** may be implemented in any number of ways, and may be made configurable to reflect the character of the system elements using a touch screen.

[0033] Hydraulic fluid is stored in a reservoir **59** and delivered by a hydraulic circuit to pumps **71** and **72**. Pump **71** supports operation of the conveyors **27, 31** and **41**. The hydraulic circuit supporting conveyor operation includes three valve bodies **73, 74** and **75** which deliver fluid to hydraulic motors **79, 80** and **81**, respectively, to operate motors **79-81** in either of two directions. Since each motor is controlled by its own valve body, the motion of the conveyors may be coordinated, or independent of the remaining conveyors. A valve controller **65** coupled to data bus **61** controls operation of the valve bodies **73-75** under instruction of microcontroller **57**.

[0034] Hydraulic fluid is also pressurized by a second hydraulic pump **72** which provides hydraulic fluid to valve bodies **76** and **77**, which are used to control the extension and retraction of pneumatic arms **35** and **37**. Valve controller **65** is also used for controlling valve bodies **76** and **77**.

[0035] Translation of platform **11** is performed by a translation mechanism **43**, which may be implemented in a worm gear arrangement or other mechanical arrangement for converting rotational motion of a motor **87** to linear movement. Additional motors **83** and **85** are provided for pumps **71** and **72**, respectively. All three motors are under the control of a motor controller **63**. Motor controller **63** operates under the control of microcontroller **57**. Feedback to the operator over interface **67** may be provided by the inclusion of sensors which generate information relating to the position of packages on the platform, support of the platform from below, or extent of extension of platform **11**. To this end various pressure sensors **89A-B**, position sensors **91A-C** and translation extension sensor **93** may be provided. Pressure sensors **89A** and **B** may provide operational information relating to status of the hydraulic circuits. Position

sensors **91A-C** may be various types of transducers used to locate palletized units **19** or the location of segments. Lastly, data bus **61** is coupled, either directly or indirectly, to a trailer suspension control system **69** to allow the trailer height to be adjusted to bring the bed of the trailer level with a raised dock.

[0036] The invention provides a compact, on board cargo handling system for a trailer which is useable at both improved and unimproved locations for unloading of cargo. While not directed to cargo loading, the system can be used to reposition cargo on board without the need to drive a forklift truck onto the bed of the vehicle.

[0037] While the invention is shown in only one of its forms, it is not thus limited but is susceptible to various changes and modifications without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.